Units covered in year 12:

- Unit 1: Body systems and the effects of physical activity
- Unit 2: Sports coaching and activity leadership
- Unit 3: Sports organisation and development
- Unit 5: Performance analysis in sport and exercise
- Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation

Key Stage 5 (12/13)

Course title: Level 3 Sport Technical Extended certificate

Exam board: OCR

Specification code: 05827

Justification of sequential planning:

Within the Extended Certificate (equivalent to 1 A Level) the students must cover 5 units over the two-year course. Units 1 and 2 are mandatory units and these are completed in the first year of the course.

- Students will begin the course planning a sports activity session, this will then allow them to be able to plan a deliver 6 sessions throughout the course or be prepared to when beginning unit 2 in May.
- Unit 1: Body systems and the effect of physical activity is the first full unit to be taught on the course, this is because they will sit the exam in January of year 12 which allows for a re-sit opportunity in the June series.
- Unit 2: Sports coaching and activity leadership will be completed from January through to May, this allows preparation for the leadership of sports or physical activities and allows the opportunity for the leadership of these to be completed at a time when numerous facilities or available on the school site.

Once these two units are taught, if students do not continue their studies in year 13, they will be able to achieve a ½ A Level in the form of the OCR Level 3 in Sport – Certificate.

 Part of Unit 17: sports Injuries and rehabilitation will then be taught; this is due to the synoptic links that it has with Unit 1 and Unit 2 that have previously been covered.
 Between May and July, it will be expected that Learning outcome 1-3 will be delivered to the students.

| Autumn 1 |
|--------------|
| (September - |
| October) |

Unit 2: Sports coaching and activity leadership

4. Be able to plan sports and activity sessions

5th September – 19th September P7: Plan effective sports/activity sessions which are appropriate to participants' needs and include SMART goals.

| | Students will begin by preparing a single lesson plactivities later in the year. This is related to LO4 in complete, they can gain their coaching hours thro | Unit 2. Once this is |
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| | Unit 1: Body systems and the effects of physical activity | Unit 1 body systems is taught by 2 teachers working simultaneously to cover the |
| | LO1. Understand the skeletal system in relation to exercise and physical activity | content. Learning outcome 1 and 2 are taught side by side as it allows students to |
| | 1.1 The axial and appendicular skeletons 1.2 The functions of the skeleton and the link to types of bone | discuss the muscles used and link this to the types of movement that the muscles |
| Autumn 1 | 1.3 Classifications of joints1.4 The types of synovial joint1.5 Structures and functions of synovial joints | create as part of the skeletal system. |
| (September – October) | 1.6 Joint movements1.7 Structure and function of the vertebral column1.8 The impact of physical activity, training, and | |
| 26 th September - 17 th October | lifestyle on the skeletal system | |
| | LO2. Understand the muscular system in relation to exercise and physical activity | |
| | 2.1 Main muscles acting at synovial joints2.1 Main muscles acting at synovial joints2.2 Types of muscle function | |
| | 2.3 Types of muscle contraction2.4 Structure and function of muscle fibre types | |
| | 2.5 Link between mix of fibre types and performance2.6 The impact of physical activity, training andlifestyle on the muscular system | |
| | Unit 1: Body systems and the effects of physical activity | Learning outcome 3 and 4 are taught together as they both allow for the |
| | LO3. Understand the cardiovascular system in relation to exercise and physical activity | connection to be made between how the blood is pumped around the body |
| Autumn 2 (October – December) | 3.1 The structures of the heart and their roles3.2 Stroke volume, heart rate and cardiac output3.3 Structure of blood vessels | (cardiovascular system) and how oxygen is the provided to the working muscles |
| 31 st October - 28 th November | 3.4 Components and functions of blood3.5 Vascular shunt mechanism and the role of arterioles and pre-capillary sphincters | (respiratory system). These continuous links between the cardiovascular and |
| | 3.6 The impact of physical activity, training, and lifestyle on the cardiovascular system | respiratory system means that it is essential that they are taught together. |
| | LO4. Understand the respiratory system in relation to exercise and physical activity | |
| | 4.1 The structures of the lungs and their roles | |

| Autumn 2 (October – December) 5 th December - 12 th December | 4.2 Respiratory muscles used during exercise 4.3 The mechanics of breathing 4.4 Gaseous exchange at the alveoli 4.5 Tidal volume, breathing frequency and minute ventilation 4.6 The impact of physical activity, training, and lifestyle on the respiratory system Unit 1: Body systems and the effects of physical activity LO5. Understand the different energy systems in relation to exercise and physical activity 5.1 The three energy systems 5.2 The energy continuum and how intensity and duration of exercise determines which energy system is predominant 5.3 The recovery process for each energy system | Learning outcome 5 is taught at the end of the unit, as it is exceptional students have been taught the previous body systems and links can be made to discuss which energy system would control the body systems. |
|---|--|--|
| | Christmas holidays | |
| Unit 1: Body systems and the effects of physical activity Autumn 2 (October – December) 19th December - 9th January | Exam preparation | Exam – 10.01.23 |
| Spring 1 (January – February) 16 th January - 30 th January | Unit 2: Sports coaching and activity leadership LO1. Know the roles and responsibilities of sports coaches and activity leaders P1: Describe the roles and responsibilities of sports coaches and activity leaders P2: Describe how sports coaches and activity leaders support a healthy active lifestyle P3: Compare the different roles and responsibilities of those involved in teaching and delivering sport | Students are introduced to the roles and responsibilities of a sports coach as they will begin to apply this into their coach later in the unit. |
| Spring 1 (January – February) 6 th February - 13 th February | Unit 2: Sports coaching and activity leadership LO2. Understand principles which underpin coaching and leading P4: Explain how different leadership styles and personalities can support different stages of group development | As part of learning outcome 2 students will learn the psychological approach to sports coaching, again they will use this to apply into their leadership. |

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| | M1: Evaluate the importance of different attributes in supporting the principles of leadership and group dynamics | |
| Spring 2 (February – March) 27 th February | Unit 2: Sports coaching and activity leadership LO3. Be able to use methods to improve skills, techniques, and tactics in sport P5: Demonstrate methods used to improve skills, techniques and tactics in sport M2: Evaluate the effectiveness of different methods of measuring improvement in skills, techniques, and tactics | The students will complete learning outcome 3 prior to their coaching as it will allow them to experiment with different methods used to improve skills, techniques, and tactics in sport. |
| | Unit 2: Sports coaching and activity leadership | |
| Spring 2 (February – March) 6 th March -27 th March | LO4. Be able to plan sports and activity sessions P6: Establish participants' needs for sports or activity sessions P7: Plan effective sports/activity sessions which are appropriate to participants' needs and include SMART goals M3: Plan a series of progressive, inclusive sports/activity sessions based on participants' needs D1: Explain how a plan for a series of sports/activity sessions might need to be adapted based on participants' rate of improvement over time | From the knowledge students have attained from LO1-LO3, they will begin to plan their sessions that they will teach as part of LO6 and evaluate in LO7. |
| | Unit 2: Sports coaching and activity leadership | |
| Summer 1 (April | | In LO5 students will prepare |
| – June) | LO5. Be able to prepare sports and activity | a safe working area for their |
| 3 rd April | environments P8: Prepare a safe sports/activity environment appropriate to the participants involved | delivery in LO6. |
| | Unit 2: Sports coaching and activity leadership | |
| Summer 1 (April – June) 17 th April - 22 nd May | LO6. Be able to deliver sports and activity sessions P9: Deliver warm-ups appropriate to the activities taking place in sports/activity sessions P10: Deliver sports/activity sessions using effective communication and motivation techniques P11: Bring sports/activity sessions to an appropriate, planned conclusion offering and obtaining feedback to/from the participants involved M4: Explain how participants' safety was maintained throughout sports/activity sessions. D2: Deliver a series of sports/activity sessions where the participants progression and needs are continuously evaluated and sessions P10: Deliver sports/activity sessions are adapted accordingly | In LO6 students will deliver the session(s) they have planned in LO5 and utilize the knowledge they have built upon in LO1-LO4. |
| Summer 1 (April – June) | Unit 2: Sports coaching and activity leadership | Students will review and the evaluate the session(S) that |
| 5 th June | LO7. Be able to review sports and activity sessions | have been taught in LO6. This can only be done once |

| | P12: Evaluate the delivery of a sports/activity session compared to the plan and using the feedback obtained from participants M5: Suggest changes to future sports/activity sessions with justifications D2: Deliver a series of sports/activity sessions where the participants progression and needs are continuously evaluated, and sessions are adapted accordingly | the session have been delivered. |
|---|---|--|
| | Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation | Students will begin this unit |
| Summer 2 (June – July) | LO 1. Know common sports injuries and their effects P1: Describe the signs and symptoms of common | by identifying a range of injuries and their signs and symptoms, they will also |
| 12th June - 19 th June | chronic and acute sports injuries P2: Describe possible psychological effects of suffering a sports injury M1: Analyse the link between the way in which a sports injury occurs and the physiological and | discuss the psychological impact of these injuries. This is taught first as students will need to constantly refer to a range of different injuries in this unit. |
| | psychological affect it may have on the sports person | |
| Summer 2 (June – July) 26 th June - 10 th July | Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation LO2. Be able to minimise the risk of sports injuries P3: Explain intrinsic and extrinsic factors which influence the risk of sports injuries P4: Take steps to minimise the risk of sports injuries occurring during a sports activity M2: Explain how appropriate warmups and cooldowns can reduce the risk of sports injuries D1: Analyse how measures to optimise player safety are recognised and legislated for in a specific sport | Following on form LO1, they will then discuss the ways in which injuries can be minimised. This again links to the overall rehabilitation plan at the end of the unit and provides knowledge needed to complete this plan. |

- Unit 1: Body systems and the effects of physical activity
- Unit 2: Sports coaching and activity leadership
- Unit 3: Sports organisation and development
- Unit 5: Performance analysis in sport and exercise
- Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation

Key Stage 5 (13)

Course title: Level 3 Sport Technical Extended Certificate

Exam board: OCR

Specification code: 05827

Justification of sequential planning:

During key stage 5 (year 13), students will complete the Extended Certificate (equivalent to 1 A Level). This will be done through the completion of 3 units (above).

- When students return to year 13, they will begin learning the content for Unit 3: Sports organisations and development. This unit is covered at this point as students will sit the exam in the January series. Therefore, if students don't get a mark that may reflect their knowledge and understanding they will have an opportunity to re-sit in May of year 13.
- Once students have sat the Unit 3 exam, they will complete Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation. Students have already completed part of this unit in year 12.
- Finally, students will complete a 60 guided learning hour unit, this will be Unit 5: Performance analysis in sport. This is completed at this point as it is practically based, and students will have use of several indoor and outdoor facilities to complete specific parts of this unit. Student engagement and achievement in this unit has historically been very positive and it continues to provide students with a broad sporting knowledge base, should they wish to continue their studies in this field beyond QEHS.

Unit 3: Sports organisation and development

LO1: Understand how sport in the UK is organised

- 1.1 Organisations involved in sport in the UK
- 1.2 Roles and responsibilities of sports organisations in the UK
- 1.3 International organisations which impact UK sport
- 1.4 How the different organisations interact

LO2: Understand sports development

- 2.1 What sports development is
- 2.2 The purpose of sports development
- 2.3 The sports development continuum levels
- 2.4 Target groups

In LO1 and LO2 students will learn about sports organisations and sports development. These will be taught by 2 separate teachers so as not to confuse students. However, the content is linked as in LO1 students will learn about different organisations, and in LO2 students will learn about the impact of these organisations and the roles within these organisations.

Autumn 1 (September – October)

5th September – 17th October

| | Unit 3: Sports organisation and development |
|---|---|
| | LO3. Understand how the impact of sports development can be measured |
| | 3.1 Possible measures |
| | 3.2 Methods |
| | 3.3 Purpose of measurement |
| Autumn 2 | and the post of measurement |
| (October – | LO4. Understand sports development in practice |
| December) | 4.1 Methods of delivering sports development |
| | 4.2 Characteristics of sports development initiatives and events |
| 31 st October – | 4.3 Advantages and disadvantages of sports development initiatives and events |
| 28 th November | 4.4 Benefits of sports development |
| | |
| | LO3 and LO4 both build on the knowledge related to sporting organisations and then |
| | discuss different types of initiatives and events, this is what has been previously learnt |
| | in LO1/2. Students will then go on to discuss the ways in which the impact of events |
| | and initiatives are measured and then discuss methods of delivering sports events. |
| Autumn 2 | Unit 3: Sports organisation and development |
| (October – | Unit 3: Sports organisation and development – Assessment |
| December) | |
| | This period of time will be spent allowing students to effectively prepare for the exam |
| 5th December – | with the development of exam technique and students will also complete numerous |
| 9 th January) | mick exams. |
| | Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation |
| | onic 17. Sports injuries and rendomedion |
| Spring 1 | LO3. Be able to respond to acute sports injuries when they occur |
| (January – | P5: Respond appropriately to acute sports injuries |
| February) | |
| i | Pb: Create an Emergency Action Plan for a specified organisation |
| 4 Cth Land | P6: Create an Emergency Action Plan for a specified organisation Learning Outcome 3 follows on from our prior teaching of the different types of |
| 16 th January - | Learning Outcome 3 follows on from our prior teaching of the different types of |
| 16 th January - 23 rd January | |
| , | Learning Outcome 3 follows on from our prior teaching of the different types of injuries that may occur and ways to minimise risk. Students will progress to learn |
| , | Learning Outcome 3 follows on from our prior teaching of the different types of injuries that may occur and ways to minimise risk. Students will progress to learn about how to respond to those accurate injuries that may occur in sport, now that |
| , | Learning Outcome 3 follows on from our prior teaching of the different types of injuries that may occur and ways to minimise risk. Students will progress to learn about how to respond to those accurate injuries that may occur in sport, now that they know how to determine the type of injury. |
| 23 rd January | Learning Outcome 3 follows on from our prior teaching of the different types of injuries that may occur and ways to minimise risk. Students will progress to learn about how to respond to those accurate injuries that may occur in sport, now that they know how to determine the type of injury. Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation LO4. Know the role of different agencies in the treatment and rehabilitation of |
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| 23 rd January Spring 1 (January – February) | Learning Outcome 3 follows on from our prior teaching of the different types of injuries that may occur and ways to minimise risk. Students will progress to learn about how to respond to those accurate injuries that may occur in sport, now that they know how to determine the type of injury. Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation LO4. Know the role of different agencies in the treatment and rehabilitation of sports injuries P7: Describe the roles of different agencies and professionals involved in the rehabilitation of a sports injury M3: Explain how different agencies and professionals may be involved in the |
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| Spring 1 (January – February) 23 rd January – 6th February | Learning Outcome 3 follows on from our prior teaching of the different types of injuries that may occur and ways to minimise risk. Students will progress to learn about how to respond to those accurate injuries that may occur in sport, now that they know how to determine the type of injury. Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation LO4. Know the role of different agencies in the treatment and rehabilitation of sports injuries P7: Describe the roles of different agencies and professionals involved in the rehabilitation of a sports injury M3: Explain how different agencies and professionals may be involved in the rehabilitation of different types of short, medium and long-term sports injuries Student focus in Learning Outcome 4 moves from responding to injury to the types of agencies and professionals who may be involved in the treatment and rehabilitation programme, understanding the next steps following injuries in sport |
| Spring 1 (January – February) 23 rd January - 6th February Spring 2 | Learning Outcome 3 follows on from our prior teaching of the different types of injuries that may occur and ways to minimise risk. Students will progress to learn about how to respond to those accurate injuries that may occur in sport, now that they know how to determine the type of injury. Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation LO4. Know the role of different agencies in the treatment and rehabilitation of sports injuries P7: Describe the roles of different agencies and professionals involved in the rehabilitation of a sports injury M3: Explain how different agencies and professionals may be involved in the rehabilitation of different types of short, medium and long-term sports injuries Student focus in Learning Outcome 4 moves from responding to injury to the types of agencies and professionals who may be involved in the treatment and rehabilitation |
| Spring 1 (January – February) 23 rd January - 6th February Spring 2 (February – | Learning Outcome 3 follows on from our prior teaching of the different types of injuries that may occur and ways to minimise risk. Students will progress to learn about how to respond to those accurate injuries that may occur in sport, now that they know how to determine the type of injury. Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation LO4. Know the role of different agencies in the treatment and rehabilitation of sports injuries P7: Describe the roles of different agencies and professionals involved in the rehabilitation of a sports injury M3: Explain how different agencies and professionals may be involved in the rehabilitation of different types of short, medium and long-term sports injuries Student focus in Learning Outcome 4 moves from responding to injury to the types of agencies and professionals who may be involved in the treatment and rehabilitation programme, understanding the next steps following injuries in sport Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation |
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| Spring 1 (January – February) 23 rd January – 6th February Spring 2 (February – March) | Learning Outcome 3 follows on from our prior teaching of the different types of injuries that may occur and ways to minimise risk. Students will progress to learn about how to respond to those accurate injuries that may occur in sport, now that they know how to determine the type of injury. Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation LO4. Know the role of different agencies in the treatment and rehabilitation of sports injuries P7: Describe the roles of different agencies and professionals involved in the rehabilitation of a sports injury M3: Explain how different agencies and professionals may be involved in the rehabilitation of different types of short, medium and long-term sports injuries Student focus in Learning Outcome 4 moves from responding to injury to the types of agencies and professionals who may be involved in the treatment and rehabilitation programme, understanding the next steps following injuries in sport Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation LO5. Be able to plan a rehabilitation programme for a specific sports injury P8: Describe the different types of treatment that can be used to support the |
| Spring 1 (January – February) 23 rd January - 6th February Spring 2 (February – | Learning Outcome 3 follows on from our prior teaching of the different types of injuries that may occur and ways to minimise risk. Students will progress to learn about how to respond to those accurate injuries that may occur in sport, now that they know how to determine the type of injury. Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation LO4. Know the role of different agencies in the treatment and rehabilitation of sports injuries P7: Describe the roles of different agencies and professionals involved in the rehabilitation of a sports injury M3: Explain how different agencies and professionals may be involved in the rehabilitation of different types of short, medium and long-term sports injuries Student focus in Learning Outcome 4 moves from responding to injury to the types of agencies and professionals who may be involved in the treatment and rehabilitation programme, understanding the next steps following injuries in sport Unit 17: Sports injuries and rehabilitation |

| | M4: Justify the types and phases of treatment and related exercises within the |
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| | rehabilitation programme planned with clear reference to SMART principles |
| | D2: Anticipate and explain possible adaptations that may be required to the planned |
| | rehabilitation programme if progress is not as expected |
| | In the final learning outcome of the unit, students can apply their knowledge from |
| | Learning Outcomes 1-4 to look at specific treatments for a specific sport injury and can |
| | also apply synoptic learning from Unit 2 related to SMART goal setting principles. This |
| | consolidates and applies all learning across the unit. |
| | Unit 5: Performance analysis in sport and exercise |
| | |
| Spring 2 | LO1. Understand performance profiling |
| (February – | P1: Explain the performance profiling process and its purpose |
| March) | P2: Evaluate the different methods of recording performance profiling results |
| iviaren, | M1: Explain reasons why and how the performance profiling process may be adapted |
| 13 th March – | The teaching in Learning Outcome 1 allows students to build a foundation knowledge |
| 20 th March | of performance profiling as a tool to analyse sporting performance. Students must |
| 20 14101011 | understand the concepts surrounding performance profiling before carrying it out as |
| | we move through the unit. |
| | Unit 5: Performance analysis in sport and exercise |
| | offic 3. I efformance analysis in sport and exercise |
| | LO2. Be able to carry out performance profiling |
| | P3: Undertake a personal performance profiling exercise for a selected sport |
| | P4*: Undertake a performance profiling exercise for another participant in a selected |
| | sport |
| Spring 2 | |
| (February – | P5: Record performance profiling results in a suitable format |
| March) | M2: Justify the rating of a participant's level and the method of recording performance |
| | profiling results |
| 27 th March – 3 rd | D1: Create an action plan for improvement of weaker areas, including SMART targets |
| April | and opportunities for review |
| | As the teaching in Learning Outcome 1 allowed students to learn about the principles |
| | and methods of performance profiling, they are now able to undertake performance |
| | profiling in a selected sport and record this using the methods taught in Learning |
| | Outcome 1. Students can also demonstrate their synoptic understanding from Unit 2 |
| | to apply SMART targets following their profiling exercise. |
| | Unit 5: Performance analysis in sport and exercise |
| | LO2. Po able to analyze performance |
| | LO3. Be able to analyse performance |
| Summer 1 | P6: Select and use method(s) of analysing performance for a variety of given sports |
| (April – June) | and situations |
| , | M3: Compare and contrast methods of analysing performance in relation to a variety |
| 17th April – 24 th | of given sports and situations justifying choices |
| April | The students move their learning forward and build upon prior unit learning by |
| | studying, selecting and using methods of analysing performance, showing their |
| | knowledge of the requirements and profiling used in different sports. To demonstrate |
| | their understanding further students are challenged to compare and contract methods |
| | of analysing performance. |
| Summer 1 | Unit 5: Performance analysis in sport and exercise |
| (April – June) | LOA Po able to give feedback on sports performance |
| | P7: Select and use feedback method(s) for the identified situations |
| | r. select and use reedback method(s) for the identified situations |
| | |

| 1 st May – 15 th | M4: Justify choice of methods for analysing performance and feedback for the |
|--|---|
| May | identified situations |
| | D2: Analyse whether other methods may have been more suitable for the identified situations on reflection, based on outcomes |
| | In the final learning outcome of the unit, students are now challenged to provide feedback, justify their choice of methods and analyse the suitability of this for the |
| | given situations. This brings about an application of the learning that has taken place across Unit 5. |